



1. Product and company identification

Product name	Castrol EP Gear Lube 220
MSDS #	460284
Historic MSDS #:	0000002005
Code	460284 US06 US13
Product use	Gear lubricant For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
Manufacturer	BP Lubricants USA Inc. 1500 Valley Road Wayne, NJ 07470 Telephone: (973) 633-2200 Telecopier: (973) 633-7475
EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:	1 (800) 447-8735 Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)
EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:	1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)
OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION	1 (866) 4 BP - MSDS (866-427-6737 Toll Free - North America) email: bpcares@bp.com

2. Hazards identification

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Clear. [Dark]
Emergency overview	CAUTION! MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential health effects	
Eyes	May cause eye irritation.
Skin	May cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Inhalation	May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhea.
See toxicological information (section 11)	

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS #	%
Base oil - highly refined	Mixture	95 - 100

4. First aid measures

Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Skin contact	Immediately wash exposed skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If potentially dangerous quantities of this material have been swallowed, call a physician immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash point	Open cup: 225°C (437°F) [Cleveland.]
Fire/explosion hazards	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	Do not use water jet.
Fire-fighting procedures	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)
Protective clothing (fire)	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods for cleaning up	
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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7. Handling and storage

Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
Other information	Sulfur compounds in this material may decompose when heated to release hydrogen sulfide gas which may accumulate to potentially lethal concentrations in enclosed air spaces. Vapor concentrations of hydrogen sulfide above 50 ppm, or prolonged exposure at lower concentrations, may saturate human odor perceptions so that the smell of gas may not be apparent. Exposure to concentrations of hydrogen sulfide vapor above 500 ppm may cause rapid death. Do not rely on the sense of smell to detect hydrogen sulfide.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name

Base oil - highly refined

Occupational exposure limits

ACGIH (United States).

STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral

OSHA (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral

While specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapor or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Some states may enforce more stringent exposure limits.

Control Measures

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

Personal protection

Eyes

Avoid contact with eyes. Safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles.

Skin and body

Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory

Use adequate ventilation. In accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety work practices, airborne exposures should be controlled to the lowest extent practicable.

Hands

The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

Consult your supervisor or S.O.P. for special handling instructions.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Clear. [Dark]
Flash point	Open cup: 225°C (437°F) [Cleveland.]
Specific gravity	0.895
Viscosity	Kinematic: 221 mm ² /s (221 cSt) at 40°C Kinematic: 19 mm ² /s (19 cSt) at 100°C
Solubility	Insoluble in water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	The product is stable.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	Hydrogen Sulfide (H ₂ S)
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Other information

Potential chronic health effects

Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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12. Ecological information

No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste information	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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NOTE: The generator of waste has the responsibility for proper waste identification (based on characteristic(s) or listing), transportation and disposal

14. Transport information

Not classified as hazardous for transport (DOT, TDG, IMO/IMDG, IATA/ICAO)

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15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Naphthalene; mequinol

TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: lead

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.

SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: No products were found.

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Castrol EP Gear Lube 220: Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA 313

Form R - Reporting requirements

This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

Supplier notification

This product does not contain any hazardous ingredients at or above regulated thresholds.

CERCLA Sections 102a/103 Hazardous Substances (40 CFR Part 302.4):

CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: Cumene: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); Benzene: 10 lbs. (4.54 kg); Toluene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); xylene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); Naphthalene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); Cadmium: 10 lbs. (4.54 kg); lead: 10 lbs. (4.54 kg); Arsenic: 1 lb. (0.454 kg); Ethyl acrylate: 1000 lbs. (454 kg);

State regulations

Massachusetts Substances

Massachusetts Substances: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey Hazardous Substances

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Naphthalene; Ethyl acrylate; Arsenic

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Toluene

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Benzene; Cadmium; lead

Inventories

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Europe inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Korea inventory (KECI): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

16. Other information

Label requirements

CAUTION!

MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

HMIS® Rating :

Health 1
Flammability 1
Physical Hazard 0

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health  Fire hazard
Instability
Specific hazard

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Personal protection X

History

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Date of previous issue No previous validation.

Prepared by Product Stewardship

Notice to reader

NOTICE : This Material Safety Data Sheet is based upon data considered to be accurate at the time of its preparation. Despite our efforts, it may not be up to date or applicable to the circumstances of any particular case. We are not responsible for any damage or injury resulting from abnormal use, from any failure to follow appropriate practices or from hazards inherent in the nature of the product.